ANCIENT ROME



NAME \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Important Vocabulary

1. Contribution- the act of giving or doing something
2. Direct democracy- a government in which people vote to make their own rules and laws
3. Representative democracy- a government in which the people vote for (elect) a smaller group of citizens to make the rules and laws for everyone
4. Characteristics- different traits
5. Natural Resources- materials that come directly from nature (ex. Water, soil, wood, coal)
6. Human Resource- people working to produce goods and services
7. Capital Resources- goods made by people and used to produce other goods and services (ex. Machines, tools, buildings)
8. Producers- people who use resources to make goods and/or services
9. Goods- things that people make or use to satisfy needs and wants
10. Services- activities that people pay money for to make their lives easier

Ancient Rome and Greece were both located on land near the Mediterranean Sea. Ancient Rome is also located near the Tiber River. Rome was built on many \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Rome had limited \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Rome is located on the Italian Peninsula on the continent of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. The peninsula looks like a long, high-heeled \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. About halfway up the peninsula is the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. This is where the Ancient Romans built their city. Like Greece, Rome is a land of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with seas on 3 sides. The soil would allow for crops such as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to be grown there.



Resources

Ancient Rome was located near the Tiber River. The soil for farming was limited and there were a variety of trees that grew there. These are all examples of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ resources.

The people of Ancient Rome built ships, fished, made pottery, and farmed. The people worked to create these goods and services. These are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ resources.

Goods were often made by people and used to produce other goods and services. These were called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ resources.

Contributions of Ancient Rome

**Architecture**

The architects of Rome used \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the construction of their buildings.

 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

The Coliseum was the greatest amphitheater in the empire. Thousands of people could sit and watch gladiator battle.



\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

The Romans constructed numerous aqueducts to bring water from distant sources into their cities and towns, supplying public baths, latrines, fountains and private households.

Contributions of Ancient Rome

**Government**

The Romans used a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ democracy. Citizens would \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for leaders to represent them and speak for them. In the Roman \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, only free men were citizens. In the USA, all citizens \_\_\_\_\_ and older can vote.

The two main leaders were called the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. They led the armies, served as judges, and made decisions for the citizens of Rome. Wealthy men known as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ advised the consuls.